

RapidCharge™ AC/DC Primary-Side Digital Quasi-Resonant Flyback Controller for Secondary-Side Regulation

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1 Description

The iW9809 is a high-performance AC/DC primary-side digital flyback controller with adaptive multi-mode-control (MMC) working with secondary-side regulation (SSR) for applications requiring high resolution in output voltage/current setting. The device can support rapid charge applications such as travel adapters (TA) of 25W (5V/3A, 9V/2.77A, etc.). It operates in quasi-resonant switching mode and supports optional continuous conduction mode (CCM) for low line voltage and it uses multi-mode control (MMC) including PWM, PFM and burst mode to achieve less power loss and low EMI. It also provides a number of key built-in protection features. The iW9809 is optimized to work with Dialog's secondary-side controller, the iW70x, for SSR, synchronous rectifier (SR) control and USB PD 3.0 w/PPS protocol support. The iW9809/iW70x chipset can achieve tight multi-level constant voltage (CV) and multi-level constant current (CC) regulation in very fine steps for rapid charge applications. With SSR digital compensation, the chipset eliminates the need for external loop compensation components while maintaining stability under all operating conditions.

The iW9809 and iW70x chipset can support USB PD to achieve fast and smooth CV/CC transitions upon request by mobile devices (MD). The iW9809 and iW70x chipset can meet no-load power consumption of less than 20mW for a typical 25W design when output USB cable is detached.

Dialog's innovative proprietary technology ensures that power supplies designed with the iW9809 and iW70x chipset can achieve high efficiency, high accuracy voltage/current control and fast dynamic load response.

2 Features

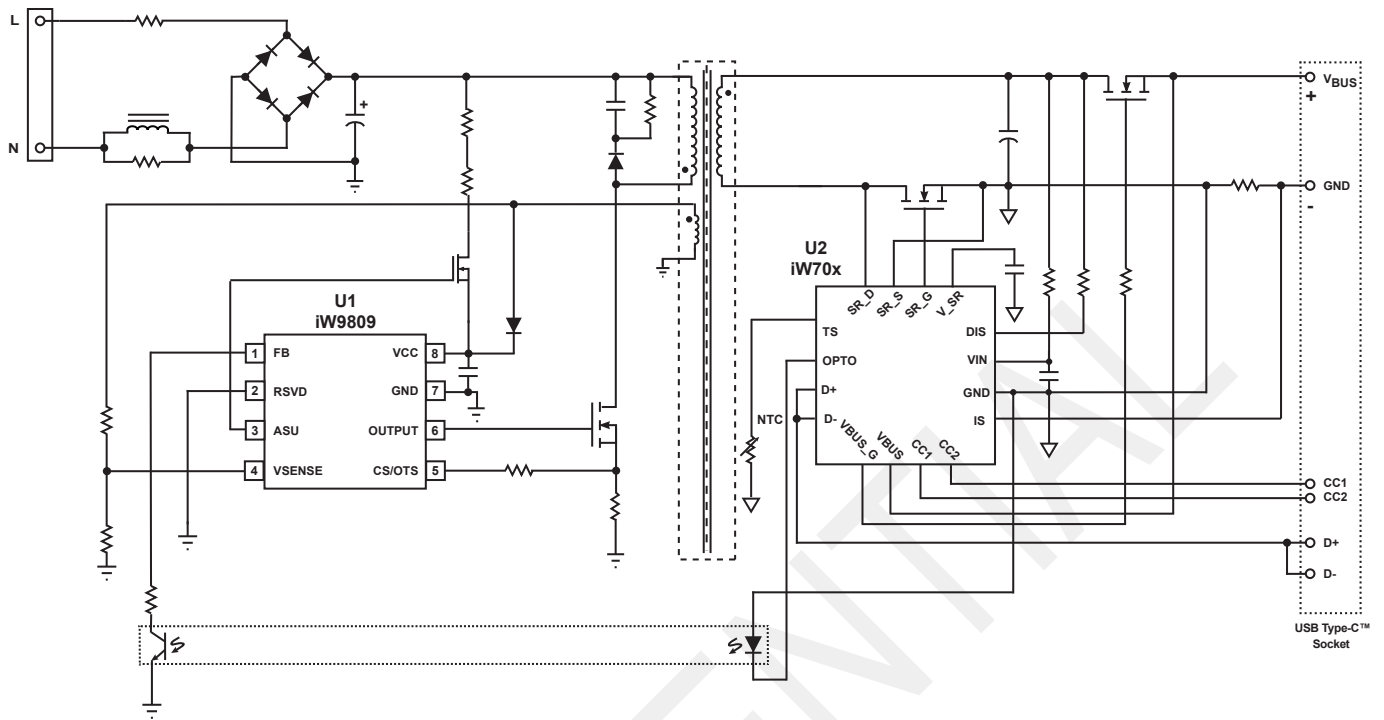
- Supports Rapid Charge adapters applications of typical 25W and other power profiles
- Supports constant-voltage (CV) and constant-current (CC) regulation in fine steps using secondary-side regulation (SSR) control
- Proprietary constant-frequency switching with quasi-resonant (QR) operation achieves best size, efficiency and common mode noise
- Adaptive QR mode and optional continuous conduction mode (CCM) operation at low line voltage
- Adaptive multi-mode control (MMC) using PWM/PFM/Burst modes based on input voltage and output voltage/current improves efficiency and eliminates audible noise
- Built-in single-point fault protections against AC line voltage brown-out, output short-circuit, output over-voltage, and optocoupler failure
- User programable internal OTP threshold for various thermal requirement
- < 20mW no load standby power with ample margin at 230V_{AC} when output USB cable is detached.
- 8-lead SOIC package

3 Applications

- Rapid-charging AC/DC adapters for smart phones, tablets and other portable devices

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**Figure 3.1 : iW9809 Typical Application Circuit with Active Start-up Circuit
(Using iW70x as Secondary-Side Controller. Achieving Multi-Level CV/CC Regulation and <20mW No-load Power Consumption in a Typical 25W Design)**

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4 Pinout Description

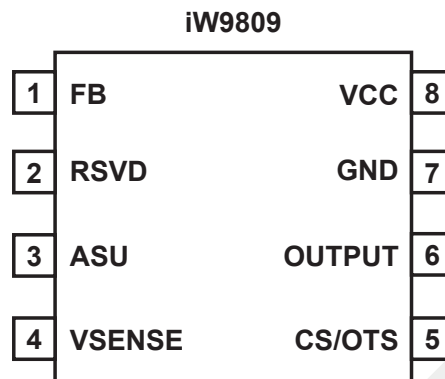


Figure 4.1 : 8-Lead SOIC Package

Pin Number	Pin Name	Type	Pin Description
1	FB	Analog Input	Feedback voltage. Used for determining multi-mode control and cycle-by-cycle peak current control.
2	RSVD	Reserved	Reserved. It is recommended that this pin be connected to GND.
3	ASU	Analog Output	Control Signal. Used for active start-up device (BJT or depletion mode N-FET).
4	VSENSE	Analog Input	Voltage sensing. Used output voltage sensing and auxiliary winding ringing voltage sensing.
5	CS/OTS	Analog Input	Current sensing. Used for cycle-by-cycle peak-current control and limit. During configuration stage, it can be used to configure certain parameters, such as internal over-temperature protection setting.
6	OUTPUT	Analog Output	Gate drive for power MOSFET.
7	GND	Ground	Ground.
8	VCC	Power Input	IC power supply.

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5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings are the parameter values or ranges which can cause permanent damage if exceeded. For maximum safe operating conditions, refer to Electrical Characteristics in Section 6.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
DC supply voltage range	V_{VCC}	-0.3 to 45	V
Continuous DC supply current at VCC pin ($V_{VCC} = 15V$)	I_{VCC}	20	mA
VSENSE input ($I_{VSENSE} \leq 10mA$)		-0.7 to 10	V
FB voltage		-0.3 to 5.0	V
ASU voltage		-0.3 to 45	V
CS/OTS voltage		-0.3 to 5.5	V
OUTPUT voltage		-0.3 to 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{JMAX}	150	°C
Operating junction temperature	T_{JOPT}	-40 to 150	°C
Storage temperature	T_{STO}	-65 to 150	°C
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient	θ_{JA}	160	°C/W
ESD rating per JEDEC JS-001-2017		±2,000	V
Latch-up test per JESD78E		±100	mA

Notes:

- Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, so functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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6 Electrical Characteristics

$V_{VCC} = 12V$, $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VSENSE SECTION						
Nominal voltage at 5V (Note 1)	$V_{VSENSE(NOM)_5V}$	For reference only		1		V
Output OVP threshold during normal operation	$V_{VSENSE_OVP_OP}$			3.15		V
CS/OTS SECTION						
Switching-cycle over-current threshold	V_{OCP1}			0.736		V
CS regulation upper limit (Note 2)	$V_{IPK(HIGH)}$			0.64		V
CS regulation lower limit (Note 2)	$V_{IPK(LOW)}$			0.10		V
OTS configure current source	I_{OTS}			500		μA
FB SECTION						
FB pin equivalent internal resistance to convert opto current to V_{CTRL}	R_{FB}			22		k Ω
OUTPUT SECTION (Pin 6)						
Driver pull-down ON-resistance	$R_{DS(ON)_PD}$	$I_{SINK} = 5mA$		11.7		Ω
Driver pull-up ON-resistance	$R_{DS(ON)_PU}$	$I_{SOURCE} = 5mA$		60		Ω
Rise time (Note 2)	t_{R_OUTPUT}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $CL = 330pF$, 10% to 90%		95		ns
Fall time (Note 2)	t_{F_OUTPUT}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $CL = 330pF$, 90% to 10%		14		ns
Output driver voltage source (Note 2)	V_{DR_SOURCE}	$V_{VCC} \geq 12.5V$		10.5		V
VCC SECTION						
Operating voltage (Note 2)	V_{VCC}				43	V
Start-up threshold	$V_{VCC(ST)}$	V_{VCC} rising		20		V
Under-voltage lockout threshold	$V_{VCC(UVL)}$	V_{VCC} falling		7	7.5	V
Start-up current	$I_{VCC(ST)}$	$V_{VCC} = 12V$			4	μA
Quiescent current	I_{VCCQ}	$CL = 330pF$, $V_{VSENSE} = 1.5V$		2.75		mA
No-load operating current (Note 2)	I_{VCC_NL}	No-load operation		0.60		mA
ASU SECTION						
Resistance between VCC and ASU pin	R_{VCC_ASU}			750		k Ω

Notes:

Note 1: This parameter is not a physical circuit parameter and is for application reference only to set V_{VSENSE} voltage divider resistors.

Note 2: These parameters are not 100% tested. They are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 3: Operating frequency varies based on the load conditions, V_{VSENSE} ringing and frequency dithering.

7 Typical Performance Characteristics

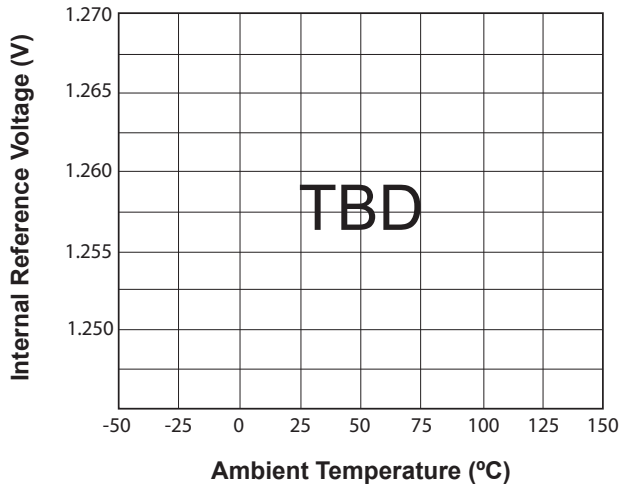


Figure 7.1 : Internal Reference Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

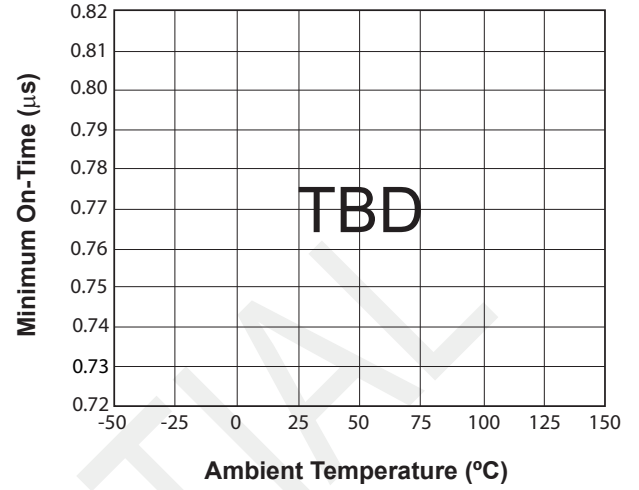


Figure 7.2 : Internal Clock Frequency vs. Ambient Temperature

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8 Functional Block Diagram

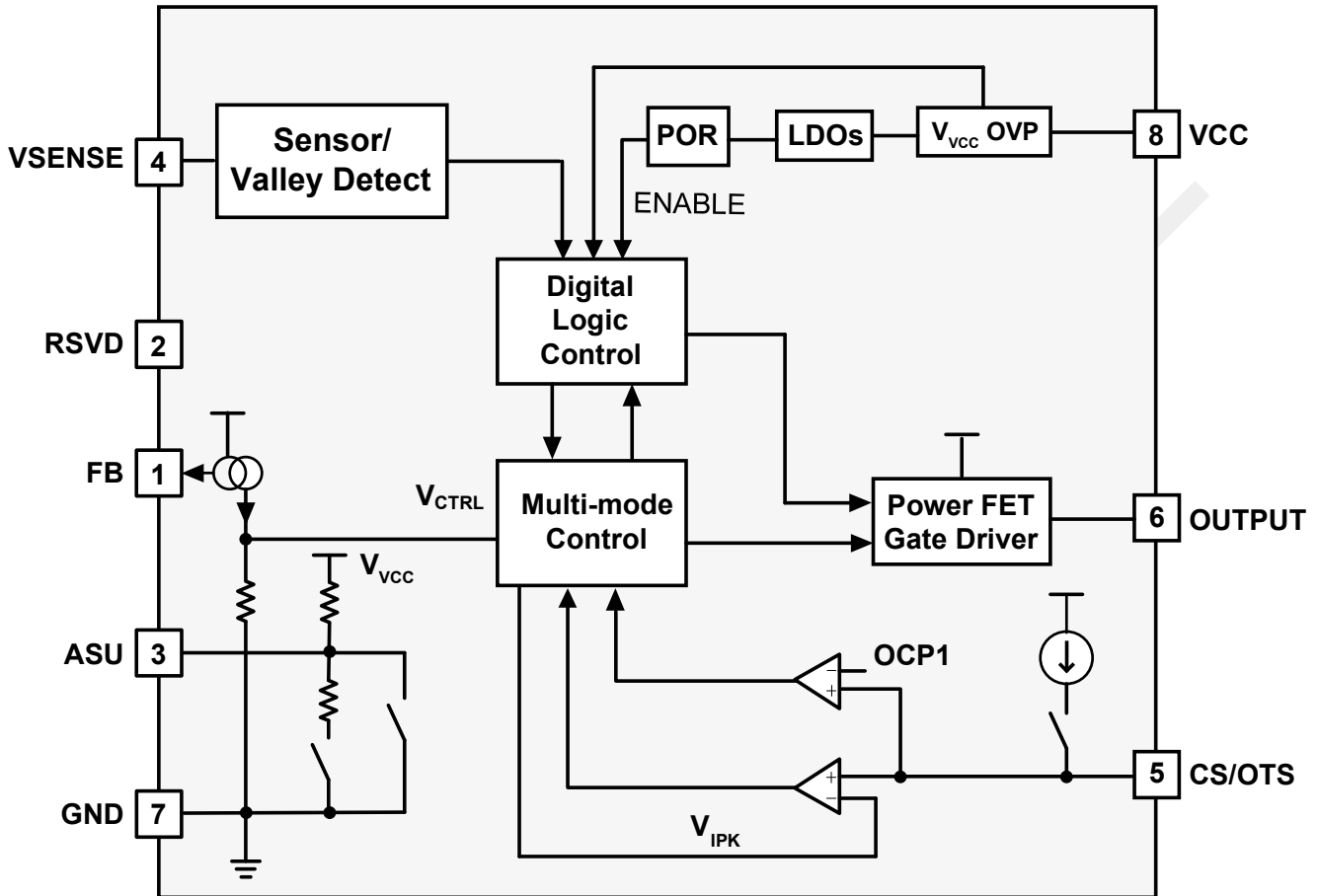


Figure 8.1 : iW9809 Functional Block Diagram

9 Theory of Operation

The iW9809 is an AC/DC primary-side flyback controller with quasi-resonant (QR) operation, continuous conduction mode support for low line voltages, and multi-mode-control (MMC) working with secondary-side regulation (SSR) for applications requiring high resolution in voltage/current steps. The iW9809 is optimized to work with the iW70x, Dialog's secondary-side controller, for secondary-side regulation (SSR), synchronous rectifier (SR) control and USB PD 3.0, to achieve fast and smooth voltage and current transitions upon request from mobile devices (MD). When pairing with the iW70x, the iW9809 can achieve tight multi-level constant voltage (CV) and multi-level constant current (CC) regulation. It eliminates the need for external loop compensation components while maintaining stability over the entire operating range.

Figure 8.1 shows the iW9809 operates in peak current mode control. The multi-mode-control (MMC) block and the digital control logic block generate the multi-mode operation, switching on-time and switching off-time information based on the control signal V_{CTRL} from the FB pin and provide commands to dynamically control the gate voltage of the external MOSFET. The FB pin is used to receive SSR control signal through an optocoupler. The CS/OTS pin is an analog input configured to sense the primary current after internal OTP setting configuration is finished. In order to achieve cycle-by-cycle peak current control and limit, the V_{IPK} signal determined by MMC sets the threshold for the CS/OTS pin voltage to compare with and it varies in the range of $V_{IPK(Low)}$ to $V_{IPK(High)}$ under different line and load conditions. The system loop is compensated by a digital error amplifier in the secondary-side controller, the iW70x. Adequate system phase margin and gain margin are guaranteed by design and no external analog components are required for loop compensation.

The iW9809 uses adaptive multi-mode PWM/PFM/burst mode control to dynamically change the MOSFET switching frequency and V_{IPK} for efficiency, EMI, and power consumption optimization. The built-in single-point fault protection include over-voltage protection (OVP), output short-circuit (SCP), over-current protection (OCP), and current sense fault detection. In particular, the power supplies built with the iW9809 and iW70x can achieve no-load power consumption of less than 20mW for a typical 25W design when output cable is detached.

Dialog's digital control scheme including the patented constant-frequency QR mode operation are specifically designed to address the challenge and trade-offs of power conversion design. The innovative technologies are ideal for balancing new regulatory requirements for green mode operation with more practical design considerations such as lowest standby power and high performance output control.

9.1 Pin Detail

Pin 1 – FB

Feedback voltage signal. It is used for determining multi-mode control and cycle-by-cycle peak current control.

Pin 2 – RSVD

Reserved. It is recommended that this pin be connected to GND.

Pin 3 – ASU

Active startup. It is the control signal for active start-up device (depletion mode NFET).

Pin 4 – VSENSE

Voltage sensing. It is used for output voltage sensing and auxiliary winding ringing voltage sensing.

Pin 5 – CS/OTS

Current sensing. It is used for cycle-by-cycle peak-current control and limit. During configuration stage, it can be used to configure internal OTP setting.

Pin 6 – OUTPUT

Gate drive for main power MOSFET switch.

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Pin 7 – GND

Ground.

Pin 8 – VCC

Power supply for the controller during normal operation. The controller starts up when the V_{VCC} voltage reaches 20V (typical) and shuts down when the V_{VCC} voltage drops below 7V (typical). A decoupling capacitor of 0.1 μ F or so should be connected between the VCC pin and GND.

9.2 Active Startup and Soft-Start

The active start-up circuit uses an external depletion mode NFET. Prior to start-up, the ENABLE signal is low and the ASU pin voltage closely follows the VCC pin voltage. Consequently, the depletion mode NFET is switched on, allowing the start-up current to charge the VCC bypass capacitor. When the VCC bypass capacitor is charged to a voltage higher than the start-up threshold $V_{VCC(ST)}$, the ENABLE signal becomes active to turn off depletion mode NFET. The iW9809 begins to perform internal OTP configuration and internal OTP check. Afterwards, the iW9809 commences the soft-start function.

During this start-up process an adaptive soft-start control algorithm is applied, where the initial output pulses are small and gradually get larger until the full pulse width is achieved. The peak current is limited cycle-by-cycle by the V_{IPK} comparator. If at any time the V_{VCC} voltage drops below the under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold $V_{VCC(UVL)}$ then the iW9809 goes to shutdown. At this time the ENABLE signal becomes low and the VCC capacitor begins to charge up again towards the start-up threshold to initiate a new soft-start process.

9.3 Secondary-Side Controller Interfacing

The iW9809 works with Dialog's secondary-side controller, the iW70x, for SSR, SR control and the USB PD 3.0 interface protocol. An AC/DC power supply designed with the iW9809 and iW70x starts up initially at a default 5V state. During the iW9809 soft-start process, the power supply output voltage ramps up and reaches V_{VIN_POR} of the iW70x at around 3.14V. The iW70x starts initialization and handshaking with the iW9809 while the iW9809 monitors the optocoupler current signal through the FB pin. The optocoupler driver current is adjusted adaptively to achieve a smooth ramping until the output voltage reaches 5V, and the iW9809 works with the iW70x for SSR-based multi-level CV/CC regulation. The iW70x keeps sensing the output voltage and current, which are compared with CV/CC references determined by the USB PD protocol. The digital compensator in the iW70x generates the control signal for optocoupler driver and the optocoupler driver converts the control signal to a proper level of current to drive the diode side of the optocoupler.

The iW9809 receives the secondary side control signal in the form of opto-transistor current through the FB pin. The internal control signal for iW9809's multi-mode control is determined by:

$$V_{CTRL} = I_{OPTO} \times R_{FB} \quad (9.1)$$

The overall control system including primary side and secondary side is illustrated in Figure 9.1. Dialog's proprietary digital loop compensation and adaptive optocoupler driver and receiver ensure the stable system operation with sufficient margin over wide range of input, output and optocoupler conditions.

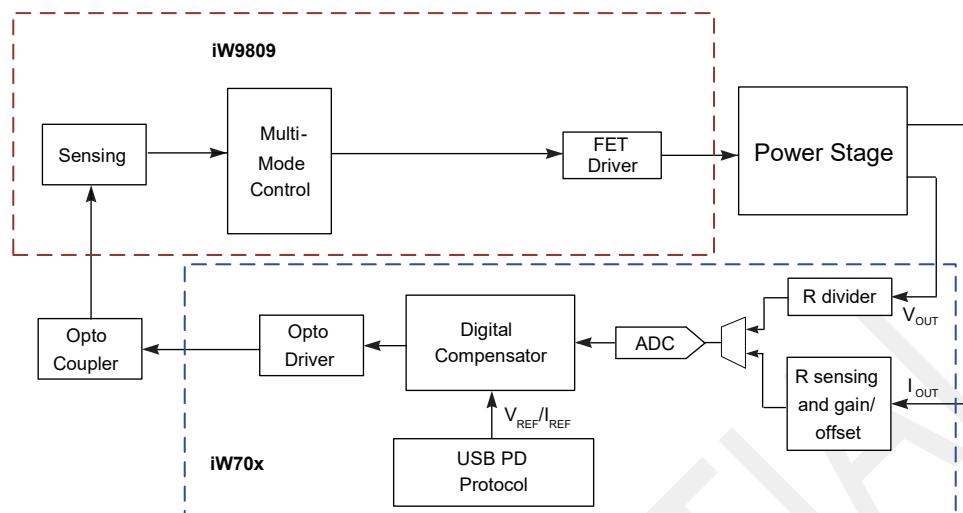


Figure 9.1 : Overall System Level Control with Primary Side and Secondary Side.

9.4 Multi-mode PWM/PFM/Burst Mode Control and Quasi-Resonant Switching

The iW9809 uses a patented adaptive multi-mode control (MMC) with PWM/PFM/burst modes based on the input voltage and output voltage/current to optimize the efficiency and standby power consumption at various load conditions and eliminate audible noise.

During the CV operation and a part of CC operation, the iW9809 normally operates in a pulse-width-modulation (PWM) mode under heavy load conditions. In the PWM mode, the switching frequency keeps around constant while the on-time t_{ON} changes according to the load condition. The maximum switching frequency at PWM mode happens at highest output voltage setting. As the output voltage decreases, the switching frequency at PWM mode decreases accordingly until it reaches 40kHz at 3.3V V_{BUS} .

As the output load decreases, the MMC control adaptively transitions to a pulse-frequency-modulation (PFM) mode. During PFM mode, the power MOSFET is turned on for a set of during under a given instantaneous rectified AC input voltage, but its off time is modulated by the load current. With a decreasing load current, the off-time increases and thus the switching frequency decreases.

When the switching frequency approaches the human ear audible frequency band, the iW9809 transitions to a second level of PWM mode, namely the Deep PWM mode (DPWM). During the DPWM mode, the switching frequency keeps around 25kHz in order to avoid audible noise. As the load current is further reduced, the iW9809 transitions to a burst mode operation to eliminate audible noise. The burst mode keeps the DPWM switching frequency of 25kHz cycle-by-cycle but the switching is enabled/disabled in groups adaptively based on the load condition. The switching group frequency is very low to avoid audible noise frequency range.

The iW9809 also keeps a patented constant-frequency quasi-resonant (QR) switching scheme that has been used in previous generations of Dialog's ACDC products. Unlike conventional QR modes, this unique QR scheme follows the basic switching frequency profile determined by the MMC control in a deterministic constant-frequency manner, and achieves valley mode turn-on for every PWM/PFM/Burst switching cycle when not running in CCM, during all PWM/PFM/burst modes and in both CV and CC operation. This feature greatly reduces the switching loss and dv/dt across the entire operating range of the power supply.

9.5 Less Than 20mW Standby Power

Under the no-load condition, the iW9809 is operating in burst mode. Although cycle-by-cycle switching frequency is kept at 25kHz, the switching can be disabled by SSR control for a significant long period time at no load condition so that the iW9809 implements an intelligent low-power management technique to achieve ultra-low chip-level operation current when there is no switching event. In addition, the active start-up scheme with depletion mode NFET eliminates the startup resistor power consumption after the ENABLE signal becomes active. Altogether, these features ensure the iW9809 can achieve less than 20mW no-load power consumption when the output USB cable is detached and the iW70x turns off the VBUS switch.

9.6 Fast Dynamic Load Response

While achieving ultra-low standby power, the iW9809 implements proprietary control technology to achieve fast dynamic load response. When a load transient event from light load to heavy load happens, the secondary-side controller iW70x can quickly detect the event, and then responds immediately by increasing the optocoupler driving current and thus increasing the control signal, V_{CTRL} , in the iW9809. Once the iW9809 senses that V_{CTRL} increases, it responds promptly by immediately waking up from low power mode to start switching events, and deliver sufficient power to bring output voltage back to regulation.

9.7 Voltage Protection Features

While the iW70x monitoring output V_{BUS} for overvoltage protection (OVP) and CC shutdown voltage, the iW9809 also implements additional OVP and undervoltage protection. During startup, the iW9809 checks for an OVP fault (typically 6V) before the control handover to the iW70x is completed. After startup, in most conditions, when the output voltage goes beyond the OVP threshold, the iW70x enters fault state and informs the iW9809 to shut down by dramatically reducing optocoupler current. The iW9809 initiates auto-restart after shutdown. The iW9809 also has its additional layer of OVP through the VSENSE pin to provide further protection in some abnormal scenarios.

Although there is no pin available to directly sense the input voltage, the iW9809 uses an innovative proprietary digital control method to detect and analyze the switch ON time, which provides real-time indirect sensing and monitoring of the magnitude and shape of the DC bulk capacitor voltage. This enables the iW9809 to determine and distinguish various conditions of the AC input voltage such as brown-out, brown-in, and AC unplug, and to take appropriate actions. When the AC input voltage drops below the normal operation range and the power supply input is still connected to the AC source, the iW9809 initiates a brown-out protection and shuts down the power supply adaptively according to the power supply load condition. Meanwhile, a brown-in input voltage threshold is set with hysteresis. In the case of the power supply input being unplugged or disconnected from the AC source, the iW9809 continues to control the switching actions to discharge the DC bulk capacitor voltage to a safe level before shutting down the power supply.

Also, the iW9809 monitors the voltage on the VCC pin, and the IC shuts down immediately when the voltage on this pin is below the UVLO threshold. The iW9809 also has a V_{VCC} over-voltage protection (V_{VCC} OVP). During an abnormal event, if the V_{VCC} voltage is higher than the protection threshold, the switching is stopped and the iW9809 shuts down.

When any of these faults are met, the IC remains biased to discharge the V_{VCC} supply voltage. Once the V_{VCC} voltage drops below the UVLO threshold, the iW9809 resets itself and then initiates a new soft-start cycle. The controller continues to attempt a start-up until the fault condition is removed.

9.8 Internal Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

The iW9809 features a configurable internal OTP which shuts down the device if the internal die junction temperature reaches above the internal OTP threshold T_{SD} . The device is kept off until the junction temperature drops below T_{SD-R} (10°C lower than T_{SD}), when the device initiates a new soft-start process to build up the output voltage.

The internal OTP threshold can be configured by connecting a resistor from the CS/OTS pin to the R_{SENSE} resistor. The recommended resistor range and the corresponding internal OTP threshold are listed in the table below. Please note that internal junction temperature may be different to pin temperature and package temperature due to thermal impedance.

Internal OTP Configuration Resistor Range (k Ω)		Internal OTP Threshold ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)
Min	Max	
3.36	4.10	125
2.27	2.67	120
1.17	1.76	115
0	0.85	110

9.9 PCL, OCP and SRS Protection

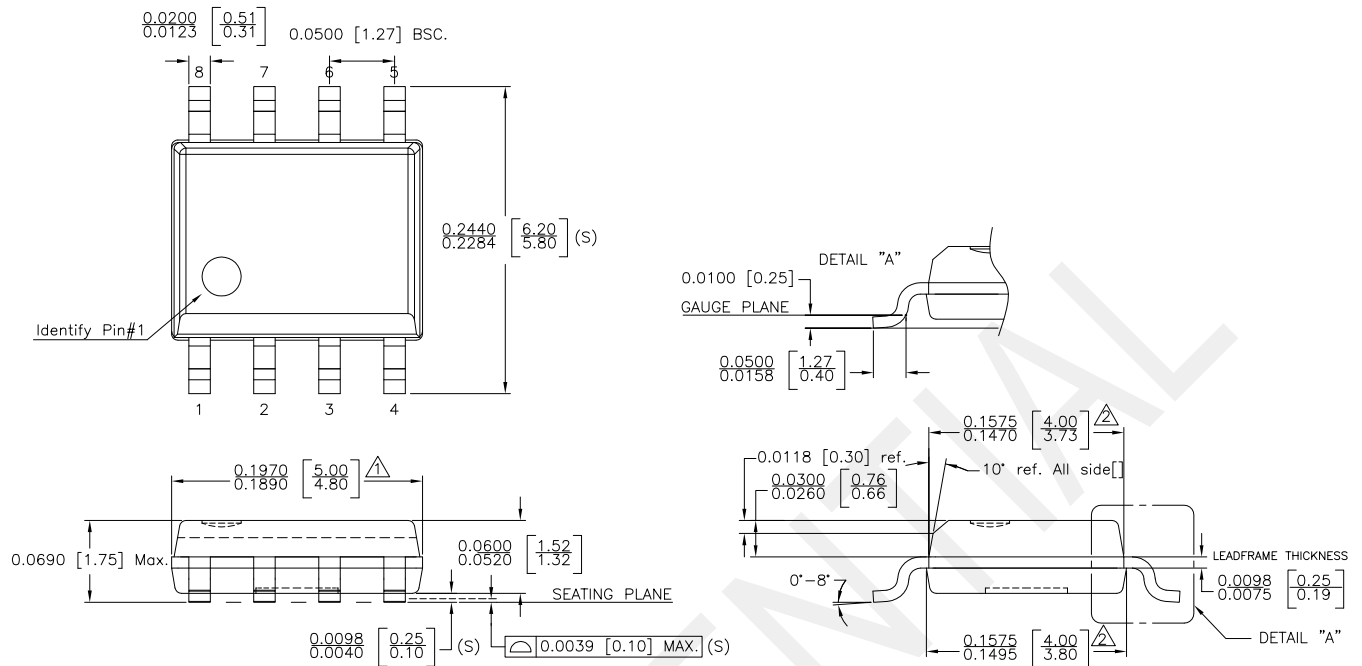
Peak-current limit (PCL), over-current protection (OCP) and sense-resistor-short protection (SRSP) are features built into the iW9809. With the CS/OTS pin the iW9809 is able to monitor the peak primary current. This allows for cycle-by-cycle peak current control and limit. When the peak primary current multiplied by the current sense resistor is greater than 0.74V , over-current is detected and the IC immediately turns off the gate driver until the next cycle. The output driver sends out a switching pulse in the next cycle, and the switching pulse continues if the OCP threshold is not reached; or, the switching pulse turns off again if the OCP threshold is reached. If the OCP occurs for several consecutive switching cycles, the iW9809 shuts down.

If the current sense resistor is shorted prior to the power supply startup there is a potential danger that over-current condition may not be detected. Thus, the IC is designed to detect this sense-resistor-short fault before start-up and the startup process will not be pursued if the fault exists. The V_{VCC} voltage is discharged since the IC remains biased. Once V_{VCC} drops below the UVLO threshold, the controller resets itself and then initiates a new soft-start cycle. The controller continues attempting to start up until the fault condition is removed.

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10 Physical Dimensions



NOTE :

- 1. DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS AND GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006 INCH PER SIDE.
- 2. DOES NOT INCLUDE INTER-LEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTER-LEAD FLASH AND PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH PER SIDE.
- 3. THIS PART IS COMPLIANT WITH JEDEC SPECIFICATION MS-012.
- 4. LEAD SPAN/STAND OFF HEIGHT/COPLANARITY ARE CONSIDERED AS SPECIAL CHARACTERISTIC.(S)
- 5. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS IN INCHES. [mm]

STATUS: RELEASED	SCALE: DO NOT SCALE	
TERMINAL FINISH: 100% Sn or NiPdAu (PPF)		
TITLE: 8 SOIC PACKAGE OUTLINE		
REV: D	REVISION NOTE: EJECTOR CHANGED TO DASHED LINE	DATE: 18-JUN-2020

Figure 10.1 : 8-Lead SOIC package outline drawing

11 Ordering Information

Part no.	Options					Package	Description
	V _{BUS} range	CCM	F _{SW(MAX)} at low line	F _{SW(MAX)} at high line	V _{BUS} /V _{SENSE}		
iW9809-00	3.3V to 11V	Yes	70kHz	75kHz	5:1	SOIC-8	Tape & Reel ¹

Note 1: Tape & Reel packing quantity is 2,500/reel. Minimum packing quantity is 2,500.

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12 Top Marking

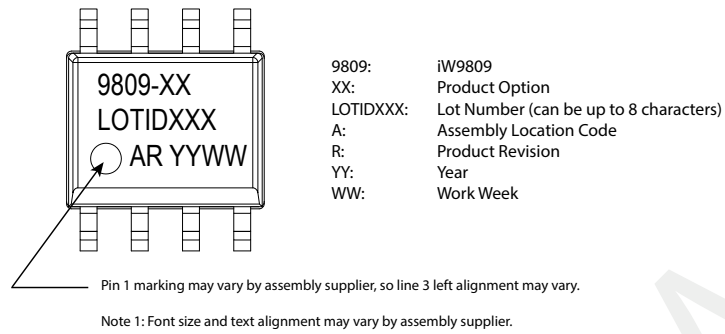


Figure 8.1 : Top Marking for the iW9809

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